

NCERT Solutions for 5th Class Environmental Studies Chapter 21-Like Father, Like Daughter







indCareer



indCareer

NCERT Solutions for 5th Class Environmental Studies Chapter 21-Like Father, Like Daughter

Class 5: Environmental Studies Chapter 21 solutions. Complete Class 5 Environmental Studies Ch 21 Notes.

NCERT Solutions for 5th Class Environmental Studies Chapter 21-Like Father, Like Daughter

NCERT 5th Environmental Studies Ch 21, class 5 Environmental Studies Ch 21 solutions

1.Ashima sneezed just like her father. Do you have any such habit or trait which is similar to that of someone in your family? What is it? Whom is it similar to?



Ans. Yes, people say that I walk like my father.

Tell

1.Does your face or anything else look similar to that of someone else in your family? What is it?

Ans. Yes, some of my facial features resemble to someone else in my family. These are:

- (a) My nose is like my mother's nose.
- (b) My eyes are of same colour as my father's eyes.
- (c) I have small ears; just like my grandfather's.
- 2.Did someone tell you this or did you find it out yourself?

Ans. Many of my relatives told this to me.

3. How do you feel when people compare you with someone else in your family? Why do you feel so?

Ans. When someone compares me with someone else in my family; I feel good. The nice feeling comes because it makes me think I am the part of a great family.

4. Who laughs the loudest in your family? Laugh like that person.

Ans. My 'tau' laughs the loudest in my family.

5.Make a list of all the family members from Nilima's nani to little Samir. How are they all related to Nilima? Write.

Ans. List of Nilima's family members:

Nani: Nilima's grandmother (Mother's mother)

Eldest Nani: Nilima's nani's sister.

Elder son of Nani: Nilima's mama (Mother's brother)

Kiran: Nilima's cousin (Mama's daughter)





Samir: Nilima's nephew (Son of her cousin)

Find Out

1.In your family are there any such examples of uncle-nephews or brother-sisters, where there is a big difference in the age? Find out from your elders.

Ans. Yes, some of my mamas (mother's cousin brothers) are in my age group. My own mama is 20 years older than me.

Find Out and Write

1.Does Nilima have curly hair like her nani's? Now you look for some special traits in your sister or brother (could also be cousins). Like colour of eyes, dimples in cheeks, height, broad or sharp nose, voice etc. See if this trait comes from the – father's side or mother's side. Make this table in your notebook and fill it. An example is given.

Ans. Yes, Nilima had curly hair, just like her nani's.

2.Have you seen a very young child in your (or any other) family? Whom does the child's eyes, nose, hair or fingers look like in the family? Write their names.

Ans. Yes, I have seen the young child of my uncle. Some of his traits look like some of the family members and they are given below:





Special trait	Whom does it	From whose side?		
	resemble?	Father's side	Mother's side	
Nilima's curly hair	Her nani (grandmother)		Yes	
Aasha (my cousin sister) Aasha's blue eyes	With her mausi		Yes	
Asha's thick nose	With her bua	Yes	V	
Asha's thin hair	With her dadi	Yes		
Asha's hoarse voice	With her mama		Yes	

Special traits	Eyes	Nose	Hair	Fingers
Whom does it resemble	Father	Mama	Mausi	Mother

3.Nilima's hair is like her nani's—thick and curly. Nilima's mother has straight, brown and limp hair. What type of hair do you have—black or brown, oily or — dry?

Ans. My hair are black and oily.

4. What is the colour of your hair? Measure and write the length of your hair.

Ans. The colour of my hair is brown. My hair are 30 cm long.

5.Is your hair like that of anyone else in your family? If yes, then name the person.

Ans. Yes, my hair resembles with those of my father.

6. Measure the hair of other members of your family.

Ans. Do it yourself.

7. Who has the longest hair in your family?

Ans. My mausi has the longest hair in my family.

8. How many people do you know whose hair is longer than one metre? Does having long hair run in their family?





Ans. I know about one neighbour family where all the ladies have hair longer than a metre. It can be said that having long hair run in their family.

9.Do you know how to measure your height? Measure yourself from head to toe and write how tall you are.

Ans. Yes, I know how to measure my height. I can do it using a metre scale or a measuring tape. My height is about 120 cm.

10. How tall do you think you will be when you grow up? Is anyone else in your family of the same height?

Ans. i think I will be about 6 feet in height when I grow up because my father is exactly 6 feet tall.

11Measure the height of your family members and write it down.

Ans. Do it yourself.

One example is given here;

Father: 168 cm Mother: 150 cm Brother: 150 cm

Discuss

1. What is similar between Saroja and Suvasini? What is different?

Ans. Both Saroja and Suvasini look like mirror images because they are twin sisters. They look so similar that their mama gets confused.

Suvasini can speak both Marathi and Tamil, while Saroja can speak only Tamil. Suvasini is a good singer, while Saroja is a Karate exponent.

2.Do you know any twins? What is similar in them? How are they different?

Ans. Yes, there are two brothers in my class. They look similar in almost every trait. One of them has a mole on the left cheek.

3.Do you know of twins who do not look the same?





Ans. Yes, there Eire twin sister and brother in my neighbourhood. They look different from each other.

But Not this From Parents

1. Have you read or heard anything about polio? Where?

Ans. I have read about polio in newspaper emd on hoEirdings.

2. Have you read or heard any news about pulse polio? What?

Ans. Yes, I have heard about pulse polio. Pulse polio is a programme run by the government to eradicate polio from the country. Vaccination camps are organised every month where every child below five years of age is given the polio vaccine drops. The vaccine is given free of cost.

3.Do you know of anyone who has polio?

Ans. Yes, there is a boy in my neighbourhood who has polio. He is unable to walk properly.

4.Are there people in your house who talk loudly? It is their habit or they cannot also hear very well?

Ans. My Tau and my grandfather talk very loudly. My tau does it out of habit. My grandfather does it because he cannot hear properly.

5.Are there times when you do not talk loudly in front of some people? When? With whom? Why? When can you speak loudly?

Ans. Yes, there are times when I do not talk loudly. I talk softly in front of my father, mother and, tau because I respect them. I have to speak loudly with my grandfather because he cannot hear my soft voice.

6.Some people use a machine in their ear to help them hear better. Some use a stick or spectacles to help them in other ways. Do you know someone who does so?

Ans. Yes, my nana uses a hearing aid. My nani uses spectacles to see properly.





7.Talk to people who cannot hear very well. Find out if they had this problem from birth. When did they start to have a problem with hearing? What difficulties do they face?

Ans. My dada cannot hear, very well. The problem started around five years ago. Doctors say that it is because of old age. Due to hearing problems he is unable to enjoy talking over telephone. He finds it difficult to walk on the road because he cannot hear the sound of coming vehicles.

What We Have Learnt

1. What do you think—what all is a part of you that you got from your mother's side?

Ans. I have got following features from my mother's side:

- (a) My brown eyes are like my mother's.
- (b) My hairs are like my mama's.
- (c) My nose is like my nana's.

NCERT 5th Environmental Studies Ch 21, class 5 Environmental Studies Ch 21 solutions







Chapterwise NCERT Solutions for Class 5 Environmental Studies :

- Chapter 1. Super Senses
- Chapter 2. A Snake Charmer's
 Story
- Chapter 3. From Tasting to
 Digesting
- Chapter 4. Mangoes Round the Year
- Chapter 5. Seeds and Seeds
- Chapter 6. Every Drop Counts
- Chapter 7. Experiments with
 Water
- Chapter 8. A Treat for Mosquitoes
- Chapter 9. Up You Go!
- Chapter 10. Walls Tell Stories
- Chapter 11. Sunita in Space

- Chapter 12. What if it Finishes...?
- Chapter 13. A Shelter so High!
- Chapter 14. When the Earth Shook!
- Chapter 15. Blow Hot, Blow
 Cold
- Chapter 16. Who will do this Work?
- Chapter 17. Across the Wall
- Chapter 18. No Place for Us?
- Chapter 19. A Seed tells a Farmer's Story
- Chapter 20. Whose Forests?
- Chapter 21. Like Father, Like
 Daughter
- Chapter 22. On the Move Again





About NCERT

The National Council of Educational Research and Training is an autonomous organization of the Government of India which was established in 1961 as a literary, scientific, and charitable Society under the Societies Registration Act. The major objectives of NCERT and its constituent units are to: undertake, promote and coordinate research in areas related to school education; prepare and publish model textbooks, supplementary material, newsletters, journals and develop educational kits, multimedia digital materials, etc.Organise pre-service and in-service training of teachers; develop and disseminate innovative educational techniques and practices; collaborate and network with state educational departments, universities, NGOs and other educational institutions; act as a clearing house for ideas and information in matters related to school education; and act as a nodal agency for achieving the goals of Universalisation of Elementary Education. In addition to research, development, training, extension, publication and dissemination activities, NCERT is an implementation agency for bilateral cultural exchange programmes with other countries in the field of school education. Its headquarters are located at Sri Aurobindo Marg in New Delhi. Visit the Official NCERT website to learn more.

