2019 VI 1	7		0230 \$	eat No.		
<b>Time : 2</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	Hours		MATHEMATICS (E)			
			Subject Code			
			<b>S</b> 0 2 1			
Total No. of Questions : 8 (Printed Pages : 12)       Maximum Marks : 80						
INSTRUC'	TIONS :	( <i>i</i> )	Answer each main qu	estion on a t	fresh page.	
		(ii)	All questions are comp	oulsory.		
		(iii)	The question paper con	sists of eight	questions, each	
			of <b>10</b> marks.			
( <i>iv</i> )			There is no overall choice. However, internal choice			
			has been provided in th	ree questions	s of <i>three</i> marks	
			each.			
		( <i>v</i> )	In questions on constr	uctions, the	drawing should	
			be clear and exactly as	per the given	measurements.	
			The construction line	s and arcs	should also be	
			maintained.			
		(vi)	The last page of the mai	n answer boo	klet is the graph	
			page.			
		(vii)	Use of calculator and	Mathematica	al tables is not	
			permitted.			
1. (A)	Select and	write	the most appropriate a	lternative fro	om those given	
	below : [1]					
	If the sum and the product of the zeroes of a quadratic polynomial					
(a) $x^{2} + 2x + (b) x^{2} - 2x - (b)$			6, then the quadratic po	lynomial is		
			6			
			6			
	(c) $x^2 -$					
	$(d) \qquad x^2 +$	2x -	6			
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- (i) The HCF and LCM of the two numbers are 9 and 90 respectively.If one number is 18, find the other number.
- (ii) What is the exponent of 2 in the prime factorisation of 864 ?
- (C) Assuming that  $\sqrt{5}$  is an irrational number,

Prove that :  $3\sqrt{5} - 2$  is also an irrational number. [3]

(D) Find the other two zeroes of the polynomial

 $3x^4 - 23x^3 + 62x^2 - 68x + 24$ , if two of its zeroes are 2 and 3. [4]

2. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below : [1]

> The pair of linear equations x + 2y = 5 and 3x + ky + 15 = 0 have no solution. Therefore the value of k is .....

- (*a*) 6
- (*b*) 5
- (c)  $\frac{1}{5}$

$$(d) \quad \frac{1}{6}$$

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 $\mathbf{2}$ 

- (B) A two digit number when divided by sum of its digits, the quotient is 7. If 27 is subtracted from the number then its digits are reversed. Write down two equations in x and y to represent the above statements.
- (C) Find the soluion of ANY ONE of the following pair of linear equations : [3]
  - (i) 5x + 8y = 9 and 2x + 3y = 4 (by elimination method)
  - (*ii*) 2x + 3y = 17 and 3x 2y = 6 (by cross multiplication method)
- (D) Find the solution of the following pair of linear equationsgraphically : [4]

2x - y = 4 and

$$2y + x = 7$$

Rewrite and complete the following tables :

2x - y = 4			<i>y</i> = 4		2y + x = 7			
	x				x			
	у				у			

(Plot at least 3 points for each line using a graph paper.)

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3. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below : [1]

> A die is thrown once, therefore the probability of getting a number less than 7 on its top face is .....

- *(a)* 0
- $(b) \quad \frac{1}{3}$  $(c) \quad \frac{1}{2}$
- (*d*) 1
- (B) A bag contains cards which are numbered from 2 to 90. One card is drawn at random from the bag. Find the probability that it bears :
  - (i) a two digit number
  - (*ii*) a square number
- (C) Find the roots of ANY ONE of the following quadratic equations : [3]
  - (i)  $9x^2 22x + 8 = 0$  (By factorisation method)
  - (*ii*)  $2x^2 + 9x + 5 = 0$  (By completing the square method)

- (D) A trader bought a certain number of articles for ₹ 700. Three articles were found damaged. He sold each of the remaining articles at ₹ 5 more than what he paid for it. He got a profit of ₹ 50 on the whole transaction. Find the number of articles he bought. [4]
- 4. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below : [1]

If the *n*th term of the AP : 3, 7, 11, 15 ..... is 79, then the value of  $n = \dots$ 

- (*a*) 10
- (b) 15
- (c) 20
- (*d*) 25
- (B) Find the mode of the following distribution of marks obtained by
   80 students in a Mathematics test : [2]

Marks Obtained	Number of Students
0—10	6
10—20	8
20—30	12
30—40	32
40—50	22

(Write your answer correct to two places of decimal)

A farmer repays his loan of ₹ 1,18,000 by paying every month starting (C) with the first installment of  $\gtrless$  1,000. If he increases the installment by ₹100 every month, find the amount paid by him in 30 installments. What loan does he still have to pay after the 30th installment? [3]

village :				[4]
Daily Income	No. of	Class	Deviation	
₹ (C.I.)	People	Mark	$d_i = x_i - a$	$f_i \times d_i$
	( <b>f</b> <sub>i</sub> )	$(x_i)$		
0—50	5	_	_	_
50—100	10	—	—	_
100—150	15	_	_	_
150—200	12	—	—	_
200—250	8	_	_	_
250—300	5	_	_	—
Total	$\Sigma f_i = 55$			$\Sigma f_i d_i = -$

(D) The following table shows the daily income of 55 people in a [4] village :

Taking class-mark (denoted by a) of the class interval 100–150 as the "Assumed mean", rewrite and complete the table. Also find the mean of daily income by the assumed mean method.

(Write your answer correct to one place of decimal)

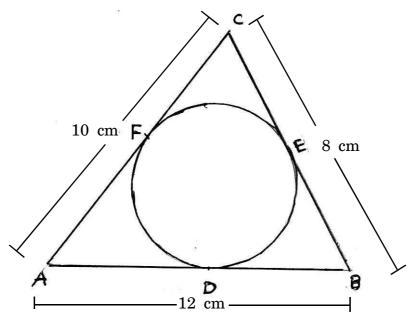
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5. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below : [1]

From a point P, 10 cm away from the centre of a circle, a tangent PT of length 8 cm is drawn. Therefore, the radius of the circle is .....

- (*a*) 4 cm
- (b) 5 cm
- (c) 6 cm
- (d) 7 cm
- (B) In the adjoining figure, a circle inscribed in a triangle ABC touches its sides AB, BC and AC at points D, E and F respectively. If AB = 12 cm, BC = 8 cm and AC = 10 cm.

Then find the length of AD, BE and CF. [3]



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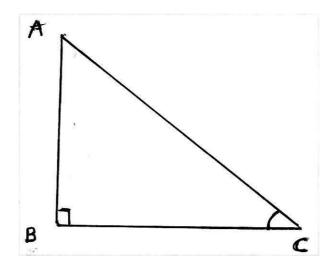
- (C) Draw a circle with centre O and radius 3.2 cm. Take a point P at a distance of 7.5 cm from the centre of the circle. Using a pair of compasses and ruler construct two tangents PX and PY to the circle. Measure and state the length of each tangent segment. [3]
- (D) Using pair of compasses and ruler, construct  $\Delta$  PQR with sides PQ = 6.5 cm, QR = 7 cm and PR = 6 cm. Then construct  $\Delta P'QR'$  whose sides are  $\frac{4}{3}$  of the corresponding sides of  $\Delta$ PQR. [3]
- 6. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below : [1]

If sin  $(A - B) = \frac{1}{2}$  and cos  $(A + B) = \frac{1}{2}$ , then A and B are respectively .....

(a) 45°, 15°
(b) 15°, 45°
(c) 30°, 60°
(d) 60°, 30°
(B) Attempt ANY ONE of the following : [3]

(i) In  $\triangle$  ABC,  $\angle$ B = 90° and tan C =  $\frac{5}{12}$ .

Find the value of :  $\frac{\cos C + \sin C}{\sin C}$ .



(*ii*) Evaluate the following expression using known numerical values of trigonometric ratios :

$$\frac{\cos 30^\circ + \sin 60^\circ}{1 + \cos 60^\circ + \sin 30^\circ}.$$

(C) Prove the following identity :

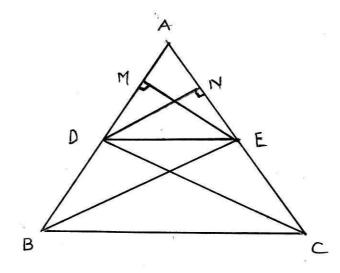
$$\sec^2 \theta - \left[ rac{\sin^2 \theta - 2 \sin^4 \theta}{2 \cos^4 \theta - \cos^2 \theta} 
ight] = 1.$$

- (D) Attempt the following :
  - (*i*) Find the distance between the points A(-3, -14) and B(3, -6). [2]
  - (*ii*) Find the value of m if the points D(3, 7), E(-1, 2) and F(-5, m) are collinear. [2]
- 7. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below : [1]

 $\Delta$  ABC ~  $\Delta$  DEF and their areas are 64 cm<sup>2</sup> and 49 cm<sup>2</sup> respectively. If AB = 5.6 cm then DE = .....

- (a) 63 cm (b) 49 cm (c) 6.3 cm (d) 4.9 cm
- (B) Given : In  $\triangle$  ABC, DE || BC where the points D and E lie on AB and AC respectively, EM  $\perp$  AB and DN  $\perp$  AC : [3]

Prove that :  $\frac{AD}{DB} = \frac{AE}{EC}$ 



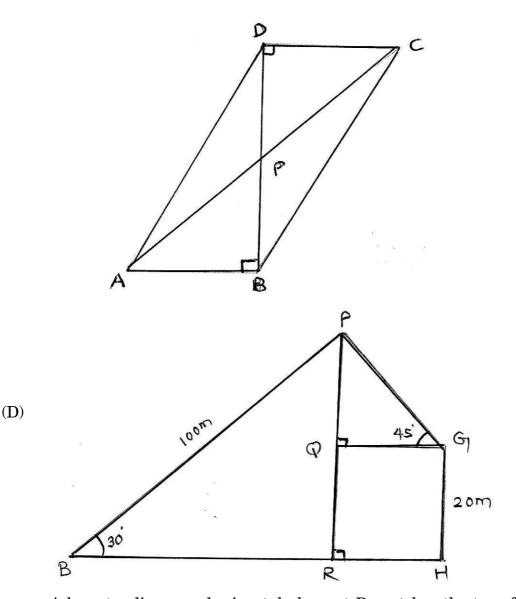
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[2]

(C) In the adjoining figure, smaller diagonal BD of a parallelogram ABCD is perpendicular to the sides AB and CD. P is the point of intersection of the two diagonals. Prove that : [3]

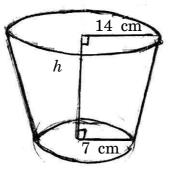


$$3AB^2 = AC^2 - BC^2$$

A boy standing on a horizontal plane at B, watches the top of the flag post 'PR' at a distance of 100 m from him at an angle of elevation of 30° as shown in the figure. A girl standing at G on the roof of 20 m high building 'GH', finds the angle of elevation of the top of the same flag post to be 45°. Both the boy and the girl are on the opposite sides of the flag post. Find the distance of the top of the flat post from the girl. (Take  $\sqrt{2} = 1.41$ ) [3]

- 8. (A) Select and write the most appropriate alternative from those given below : [2]
  - (*i*) The area of a ring whose outer and inner radii are 5 cm and 2 cm respectively is .....
    - (a)  $3\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup>
    - (b)  $7\pi \text{ cm}^2$
    - (c)  $21\pi$  cm<sup>2</sup>
    - (d)  $66\pi \text{ cm}^2$
  - (ii) In a circle of a radius 12 cm, an arc subtends an angle of 60° at the centre. Therefore, the length of the arc is .....
    - (a)  $2\pi$  cm
    - (b)  $4\pi$  cm
    - (c)  $12\pi$  cm
    - (d)  $24\pi$  cm
  - (B) A metal cup is in the form of a frustum of a cone whose radii of bottom and top are 7 cm and 14 cm respectively, as shown in the figure. If the capacity of the cup is 2156 cm<sup>3</sup>, find the height of the cup.

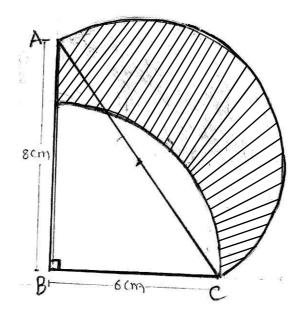
$$(\text{Use } \pi = \frac{22}{7})$$
[2]



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(C) In the adjoining figure, ABC is a right triangle with  $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$ , AB = 8 cm and CB = 6 cm. With AC as a diameter a semicircle is drawn and with BC as radius a quadrant of a circle is drawn, as shown in the figure. Find the area of the shaded region. (Use  $\pi = 3.14$ ) [3]



(D) A house has an overhead cylindrical tank which is filled by pumping water from an underground cuboidal tank. The dimensions of the cuboidal tank are 2.5 m  $\times$  2 m  $\times$  1.5 m and it is completely filled with water. The overhead tank which is empty, has a height of 2 m with radius of its base as 70 cm. If water is pumped to fill the overhead tank completely with water, find the height of the water left in the cuboidal

tank. (Use 
$$\pi = \frac{22}{7}$$
) [3]