

2016
POLITICAL SCIENCE

Full marks : 100

Time : 3 hours

General instructions:

- i) *Approximately 15 minutes is allotted to read the question paper and revise the answers.*
- ii) *The question paper consists of 35 questions.*
- iii) *Marks are indicated against each question.*
- iv) *Answers to questions carrying 1 mark should not exceed one sentence.*
- v) *Answers to questions carrying 2 marks should not exceed 50 words.*
- vi) *Answers to questions carrying 4 marks should not exceed 100 words.*
- vii) *Answers to questions carrying 6 marks should not exceed 200 words.*
- viii) *Answers to questions carrying 8 marks should not exceed 300 words.*

N.B: Check that all pages of the question paper are complete as indicated on the top left side.

Choose the correct answer from the given alternatives in questions 1 – 5

1. Which of the following is a regional political party? 1
(a) INC (b) BJP
(c) AGP (d) CPI (M)

2. When did the State Reorganisation Commission come into effect? 1
(a) 1954 (b) 1955
(c) 1956 (d) 1957

3. Which forum of ASEAN looks after the coordination of security and foreign policy? 1
(a) ASEAN Economic Community (b) ASEAN Socio-Cultural Community
(c) ASEAN Regional Forum (d) ASEAN Economic Forum

4. The SAARC was formed in the year 1
(a) 1985 (b) 1986
(c) 1987 (d) 1988

5. The basic meaning of security is 1
(a) freedom from want (b) freedom from need
(c) freedom from threat (d) freedom from hunger

6. Which period in the Five Year Plans has been described as 'Plan Holiday'? 1

7. What is the boundary line between India and China known as? 1

8. Which country was the leader of the 'Second World' or the Socialist Bloc during the Cold War era? **1**
9. Write the full form of SEATO. **1**
10. Which organ of the UN has declined in its importance after decolonization? **1**
11. What was the Congress System? **2**
12. Write any two differences between interests and pressure groups. **2**
13. What is Logic of Deterrence? **2**
14. What is EU? Name the two member countries of EU who are permanent members of UN Security Council. **1+1=2**
15. State two functions of the International Court of Justice. **2**
16. Mention any two circumstances that led to globalisation. **2**
17. Explain the principles of accommodation and tolerance in the Congress System. **4**
18. Explain any two major outcomes of development in India. **4**
19. Write a brief note on the Total or Comprehensive movement led by J.P Narayan. **4**
20. In which year was the Mandal Commission appointed? Mention three recommendations given by the Commission. **1+3=4**
21. Describe the 'Operation Enduring Freedom' launched by USA in 2001. **4**
22. Mention any four negative effects of globalisation. **4**
- Answer any five from questions 23 - 30 **5x6=30****
23. Write any six roles of opposition party in a democracy. **(6)**
24. Explain any three factors that helped Congress dominate the national politics from 1947-1967. **(6)**
25. Explain any three problems that confronted the process of partition. **(6)**
26. Explain the basic objectives of India's planning. **(6)**

27. Briefly explain the following: (3+3=6)
(i) Ayodhya dispute
(ii) Gujarat riots
28. Explain any three causes of the origin of Cold War. (6)
29. Evaluate the ups and downs in the rise of China as an alternative centre of power to USA. (6)
30. Explain how far has peace and cooperation been established in South Asia. (6)

Answer any three from questions 31 - 35 3x8=24

31. What is Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty? Explain India's stand on CTBT and NPT. (2+6=8)
32. Write the effects of the Emergency of 1975 on the following aspects: (4x2=8)
(i) Effects on civil liberties for citizens
(ii) Impact on relationship between executive and judiciary
(iii) Functioning of mass media
(iv) Working of police and bureaucracy
33. What is Shock Therapy? Explain any three effects and consequences of the Shock Therapy. (2+6=8)
34. What is hegemony? Explain in brief the various types of hegemony. (2+6=8)
35. What is Cooperative Security? Explain the new major sources of security. (2+6=8)
