

**2018
PHILOSOPHY**

Full marks: 100

Time: 3 hours

General instructions:

i) *Approximately 15 minutes is allotted to read the question paper and revise the answers.*

ii) *The question paper consists of 35 questions.*

iii) *Marks are indicated against each question.*

Answer to questions carrying 1 mark should not exceed one sentence.

Answer to questions carrying 2 marks should not exceed 50 words.

Answer to questions carrying 4 marks should not exceed 100 words.

Answer to questions carrying 6 marks should not exceed 200 words.

Answer to questions carrying 8 marks should not exceed 300 words.

N.B: *Check that all pages are complete as indicated on the top left side.*

Choose the correct answer from the given option in Questions 1-10.

1. Simple ideas are 1
(a) inborn ideas (b) directly given in experience
(c) formed out of simple ideas (d) blank state without any ideas

2. The Critique of Pure Reason is a treatise about 1
(a) Metaphysics (b) Epistemology
(c) Problems of moral judgment (d) Problems of aesthetic judgment

3. Which country bans abortion with no exception for the life of the pregnant woman? 1
(a) Canada (b) Ireland
(c) Chile (d) Brazil

4. When one human being causes the death of another human being, it is called 1
(a) genocide (b) homicide
(c) democide (d) suicide

5. The word social justice was coined by 1
(a) David Miller (b) John Rawls
(c) Jesuit priest Taparelli (d) Aristotle

6. Bhagavad Gita was first translated into English in 1
(a) 1685 (b) 1785
(c) 1885 (d) 1985

7. The Advaita Vedanta school is an advocate of 1
(a) Monism (b) qualified Monism
(c) Dualism (d) qualified Dualism

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|-----|---|----------------------------|---|
| 8. | Padartha means | | 1 |
| | (a) substance | (b) categories | |
| | (c) generality | (d) inherence | |
| 9. | Religion can be understood as the bond between | | 1 |
| | (a) human beings and God | (b) body and soul | |
| | (c) universe and the Gods | (d) absolute and the world | |
| 10. | Axiology is the study of | | 1 |
| | (a) knowledge | (b) conduct | |
| | (c) God | (d) values | |
| 11 | Name any two prominent empiricists. | | 2 |
| 12 | Mention any two ideas according to Descartes. | | 2 |
| 13 | What are primary qualities? | | 2 |
| 14. | What is reproductive cloning? | | 2 |
| 15. | Name the Pitakas of Buddhism. | | 2 |
| 16. | What is prakriti? | | 2 |
| 17. | Explain how the Copernican revolution is ascribed to Kant. | | 4 |
| 18. | Elaborate on social psychology. | | 4 |
| 19. | What are the importance and uses of studying social philosophy? | | 4 |
| 20. | Classify the Indian philosophical schools on the basis of the infallibility of Vedas. | | 4 |
| 21. | Name the four noble truths of Buddhism. | | 4 |
| 22. | Explain the teleological argument for the existence of God. | | 4 |
| | Answer any five from questions 23 - 30 | | |
| 23. | Bring out the difference between philosophy and science. | | 6 |
| 24. | Explain subjective and objective Idealism. | | 6 |
| 25. | Explain the three types of Ethics. | | 6 |
| 26. | Is Indian philosophy pessimistic? Explain | | 6 |

27. What is syadvada? State the seven nayas. 2½+3½= 6
28. What are the seven padarthas? Explain any one of them. 3½+2½= 6
29. Distinguish between Laukika and Alaukika pratyaksha. 6
30. Describe the main foundations of Islam. 6

Answer **any three** from questions 31 - 35

31. What are the twelve links of casual wheel of dependent origination? 8
32. What are the eight fold practices of the yoga system? Explain any two. 4+4=8
33. Explain Sankara's concept of Atman. 8
34. Give an explanation on the idea of trinity in Christianity. 8
35. Explain the different kinds of Anumana as given by Nyaya. 8
