

SAMPLE PAPER SYLLABUS 2018-19







Total Questions : 50 Time : 1 h					
PATTERN & MARKING SCHEME					
Section	(1) Quantitative Aptitude & Reasoning	(2) Economics	(3) Business Studies	(4) Accountancy	(5) Achievers Section
No. of Questions	15	10	10	10	5
Marks per Ques.	1	1	1	1	3

SYLLABUS

Section – 1: Number System, Comparing Quantities, Mensuration and Geometry, Trigonometry, Equations and Inequations, Set theory, Logarithms, Functions and Graphs, Progressions, Permutations and Combinations, Probability, Co-ordinate Geometry, Verbal and Non-verbal Reasoning.

Section – 2 : Micro Economics, Macro Economics.

Section – 3 : Nature and Significance of Management, Principles of Management, Business Environment, Planning, Organising, Staffing, Directing, Controlling, Financial Management, Financial Markets, Marketing, Consumer Protection, Entrepreneurship Development.

Section – 4 : Accounting for Not-For-Profit Organisation, Accounting for Partnership : Basic Concepts, Reconstitution of a Partnership Firm -Admission of a Partner, Reconstitution of a Partnership Firm-Retirement/Death of a Partner, Dissolution of Partnership Firm, Accounting for Share Capital, Issue and Redemption of Debentures, Financial Statements of a Company, Analysis of Financial Statements, Accounting Ratios, Cash Flow Statement.

Section – 5 : Higher Order Thinking Questions - Syllabus as per Section – 2, Section – 3 and Section – 4.

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE & REASONING

 A die is thrown twice and the sum of the numbers appearing is observed to be 9. What is the conditional probability that the number 4 has appeared atleast once?

(A) 1/2	(B) 2/3
(C) 3/4	(D) None of these

2. Divide 20 into four parts which are in A.P. and such that the product of the first and fourth is to the product of the second and third in the ratio 2:3. Find the product of the first and fourth terms of the A.P.

(A)	12	(B)	16
(C)	20	(D)	25

- Mehul went to the market and bought a few apples, mangoes and bananas. He bought a total of 42 fruits. The details of the fruits purchased is as follows :
 - (i) The number of bananas is less than half the number of apples.
 - The number of mangoes is more than 1/3rd the number of apples.
 - (iii) The number of mangoes is less than 3/4th the number of bananas.

How many apples and mangoes did Mehul buy?

- (A) 17 (B) 21
- (C) 26 (D) None of these

ECONOMICS

- 4. A consumer buys 17 units of a good at a price ₹ 10 per unit. When price falls to ₹ 8 per unit, the consumer buys 23 units. Using the expenditure approach, what will you say about price elasticity of demand of the good?
 - (A) More than unit elastic
 - (B) Less than unit elastic
 - (C) Unit elastic
 - (D) Perfectly elastic

- 5. Why externalities are a limitation of taking GDP as an index of welfare?
 - (A) It helps GDP to rise.
 - (B) GDP fails to value the cost of such factors.
 - (C) It results in a decrease in GDP.
 - (D) It will have no effect on GDP.
- From the following data about government, find revenue deficit, fiscal deficit and primary deficit : Plan capital expenditure = 120

Revenue expenditure = 100 Non plan capital expenditure = 80 Revenue receipts = 70 Capital receipts net of borrowings = 140 Interest payments = 30 (A) Revenue deficit = 40, Fiscal deficit = 90, Primary deficit = 60

- (B) Revenue deficit = 30, Fiscal deficit = 90, Primary deficit = 60
- (C) Revenue deficit = 40, Fiscal deficit = 60, Primary deficit = 30
- (D) Revenue deficit = 30, Fiscal deficit = 60, Primary deficit = 30

BUSINESS STUDIES

- 7. Management is a process of
 - (A) Getting things done
 - (B) Achieving goals effectively
 - (C) Achieving goals efficiently
 - (D) All of the above
- 8. The principles of management are significant because of
 - (A) Increase in efficiency
 - (B) Initiative

- (C) Optimum utilization of resources
- (D) Adaptation to changing technology
- 9. Planning may not guarantee success because
 - (A) Top level plans and middle level management implements
 - (B) Dynamics of business, environment may change
 - (C) Planning is futuristic
 - (D) All of the above

ACCOUNTANCY

 X, Y and Z are partners sharing profit in the ratio of 5 : 3 : 2. They decide to share future profits in the ratio of 2 : 3 : 5 with effect from 1st April, 2016. They also decide to record the effect of following revaluations without affecting the book values of assets and liabilities, by passing single adjusting entry :

	Book	Revised	
	Figure (in ₹)	Figure (in ₹)	
Land and Building	3,00,000	4,50,000	
Plant and Machinery	4,50,000	4,20,000	
Trade Creditors	1,50,000	1,35,000	
Outstanding Rent 1,35,000 1,80,000			
The necessary single adjusting entry will be :			
(A) Dr. Z and Cr. $V hy \neq 27,000$			

- (A) Dr. Z and Cr. X by ₹ 27,000
- (B) Dr. *X* and Cr. *Z* by ₹ 27,000
- (C) Dr. Y and Cr. X by ₹ 27,000
- (D) Dr. *X* and Cr. *Y* by ₹ 27,000

 M Ltd issued 10,000 shares of ₹ 50 each. The amount of share was payable as follows :

₹ 15 on application, ₹ 10 on allotment and balance of first and final call. Applications for 15,000 shares were received and allotment was made to all the applicants on pro-rata basis. Directors decided to adjust excess application money towards allotment. Calculate the amount transferred to Share Allotment.

- (A) ₹ 60,000
 (B) ₹ 70,000

 (C) ₹ 85,000
 (D) None of these
- **12.** Depreciation is charged on
 - (A) Current Assets
 - (B) Fixed Assets
 - (C) Both Current and Fixed Assets
 - (D) None of these

ACHIEVERS SECTION

13. From the following information, calculate return on investment (or return on capital employed) :

Particulars	₹
Share Capital	5,00,000
Reserves and Surplus	2,50,000
Net Fixed Assets	22,50,000
Non-current Trade Investments	2,50,000
Current Assets	11,00,000
10% Long-term Borrowings	20,00,000
Current Liabilities	8,50,000
Long-term Provisions	NiL

Net Profit before Tax is ₹ 6,00,000.

(A) 29.09%	(B) 39.09%
(C) 40.000/	

- (C) 49.09% (D) 9.09%
- 14. Liberalisation means
 - (A) Integration among economies
 - (B) Reduced government controls and restrictions
 - (C) Policy of planned Disinvestments
 - (D) None of these.

- 15. Explain how the production possibility curve is affected when resources are inefficiently employed in an economy?(A) PPC will shift downward.
- (B) PPC will shift upward.
- (C) No change in PPC.
- (D) Will move from one point to another on the same PPC.

(A) PPC will shift downward.

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

ANSWERS

ICSO - 1. (A) 2. (B) 3. (D) 4. (A) 5. (B) 6. (B) 7. (D) 8. (C) 9. (B) 10. (B) 11. (D) 12. (B) 13. (A) 14. (B) 15. (C)