

305 – Philosophy and Literature (Theory)

કુલ સમય :— ૬૦ મીનીટ

કુલ પ્રશ્નો : ૫૦

વિદ્યાર્થીએ ટીક કરવાના પ્રશ્નો : ૩૫

નોંધ : વિદ્યાર્થીએ માત્ર ૩૫ પ્રશ્નો જ ટીક કરવાના રહેશે. જો વધારે ટીક કરેલ હશે તો પ્રથમ ૩૫ પ્રશ્નો જ ગણતરીમાં લેવામાં આવશે.

1. What is Plato's aim in The Republic?
A. To define justice
B. To prove that justice is worthwhile to pursue for its own sake
C. To define justice and to prove that it is worthwhile to pursue for its own sake
D. To prove that justice is the advantage of the stronger?
2. According to Socrates what is the fundamental principle on which all human society should be based?
A. The principle of specialization
B. Moderation
C. Love of honor
D. From each according to his ability, to each according to his need
3. What is Socrates main argument about in Chapter VI of The Republic?
A. State's citizens
B. State's rulers
C. State's professionals
D. State's artists
4. What according to Socrates must the perfect guardian of the society be?
A. A poet
B. An artist
C. A critic
D. A true philosopher
5. To whom is the essay 'The Myth of Sisyphus' dedicated to?
A. Arthur Schopenhauer
B. Pascal Pia
C. Justin O'Brien
D. Friedrich Nietzsche
6. Who translated Albert Camus' 'The Myth of Sisyphus' into English?
A. Arthur Schopenhauer
B. Albert Camus Himself
C. Justin O'Brien
D. None of the Above
7. In 'The Myth of Sisyphus', According to Albert Camus, the only truly serious philosophical problem is:
A. Suicide
B. Free will
C. God's Existence
D. Skepticism
8. In 'The Myth of Sisyphus', Albert Camus describes the feeling of absurdity as the feeling:
A. Of divorce between man and his life
B. That logic itself is inconsistent
C. That one has undermined one's own basic projects.
D. That one cannot achieve anything
9. In 'The Myth of Sisyphus', Albert Camus claims that we should respond to the recognition that life is absurd by:
A. Refusing to hope
B. Ignoring it
C. Committing suicide
D. Taking steps so that one's life is no longer absurd
10. In 'The Myth of Sisyphus', Albert Camus claims what truly matters in life is:
A. Living as well as possible
B. Living as selfishly as possible
C. Living as much as possible
D. Living as kindly as possible
11. According to ancient Greek myth, Sisyphus was condemned to:
A. Serve humans forever
B. Roll a rock to the top of a mountain every day
C. Spend eternity in Hades
D. Attempt to fly on wings of wax
12. According to Albert Camus, the myth of Sisyphus is tragic only because Sisyphus is:
A. Conscious
B. Defeated
C. Treated unfairly
D. Morally admirable
13. What is the only "truly serious philosophical problem" according to the first sentence of the book The Myth of Sisyphus?
A. The absurd
B. Exile
C. The ontological argument
D. Suicide
14. Which of the following does Camus consider to be a consistently absurd novel?
A. The Possessed, by Fyodor Dostoevsky
B. Middlemarch, by George Eliot
C. Moby Dick, by Herman Melville
D. The Brothers Karamazov, by Fyodor Dostoevsky
15. During which war was 'The Myth of Sisyphus' published?
A. World War I
B. World War II
C. Korean War
D. The Franco-Prussian War
16. In which year was the novel Siddhartha published?
A. 1925
B. 1928
C. 1922
D. 1920
17. Siddhartha was originally written in _____ language.
A. English
B. French
C. Latin
D. German
18. To whom did Herman Hess dedicate the first part of his novel Siddhartha?
A. Romain Rolland
B. Wilhelm Gundert
C. Buddha
D. Alexander Dumas
19. What was the name of the group of ascetic Siddhartha joined after leaving his father?
A. Samsara
B. Samana
C. Shivas
D. Subcontinent
20. What does Siddhartha say is missing in the Buddha's teaching?
A. The meaning of life
B. The Secret of what the Buddha has experienced
C. How to gain influence over other man
D. How to avoid evil
21. What is the name of courtesan from whom Siddhartha learns the art of love?
A. Krishna
B. Maya
C. Ahilya
D. Kamala
22. What prevents Siddhartha from committing suicide?
A. Thought of Kamala
B. Teaching of Buddha
C. The sound of 'OM' emanating within
D. His fear of Oblivion

23. What was the name of the old ferryman to whom Siddhartha returns after leaving town?
A. Vasudeva B. Vishnu C. Govinda D. Mohan
24. How does Ferryman first seem to Siddhartha?
A. Bitter and Lost B. Contented and Smiling C. Dazed and Confused D. Cringing and self-serving
25. What causes Kamala's death?
A. A disease B. A natural disaster C. An accident D. A snakebite
26. Through which activity does Siddhartha achieve true Nirvana?
A. Listening to the teaching of the river B. Following the precepts of Gautama
C. Successfully recognizing Govinda D. Learning the art of love
27. The primary object of the severe asceticism of the Samanas is to _____.
A. Deaden all passions and desires B. Feel superior to others
C. Develop the spirit D. Acquire magical powers
28. Whom did Kamala send Siddhartha to in order to earn money?
A. Vasudev B. Govind C. Kamaswami D. Brahmin
29. Who translated the novel Siddhartha into English language?
A. Herman Hess B. Romain Rolland C. Hilda Rosner D. Wilhelm Gundert
30. Meditations by Marcus Aurelius is...
A. A series of personal writings B. A series of personal essays
C. A series of Dhyana Mantras D. None of these
31. Who was Marcus Aurelius?
A. A Roman teacher B. A Roman Emperor C. A stoic philosopher D. Both B & C
32. In how many books did Marcus Aurelius write Meditations?
A. 9 B. 11 C. 12 D. 14
33. In Meditations Aurelius advocates finding one's place in the universe and sees that everything came from...?
A. Universe B. Nature C. Mind D. Heart
34. The theme of _____ is at the centre of Aurelius' Meditations.
A. Being a bad man B. Being a civilized man C. Being a good man D. All of the above
35. Aurelius' Meditations is a significant source of our modern understanding of ancient?
A. Stoic B. Rationalism C. Hypothesis D. Roman
36. Complete the quotation from Meditations... "Soon you'll be _____. A mere name at most—and even that is just a sound, an echo. The things we want in life are empty, stale, trivial."
A. ashes or bones B. ashes or dust C. ashes or air D. bones or dust
37. Which leadership qualities does Marcus Aurelius talk mainly about in Meditations that can be adored?
A. Get along with other people B. Be hardworking and conscientious
C. Don't seek praise or flatter others D. All of the above
38. Meditations was written in...
A. 167 A.C.E. B. 168 A.C.E. C. 169 A.C.E. D. 170 A.C.E.
39. What was Marcus Aurelius' original name?
A. Gaius Marius B. Quintus Lutatius Catulus C. Rutilius Rufus D. Marcus Annianus Verus
40. Who adopted Marcus Aurelius?
A. Hadrian B. Trajan C. Antoninus Pius D. Septimius Severus
41. The Myth of Sisyphus was published in...
A. 1941 B. 1942 C. 1943 D. 1944
42. The Myth of Sisyphus by Camus is...
A. A philosophical novel B. A philosophical short story C. A philosophical essay D. A philosophical dialogue
43. In which language was The Myth of Sisyphus originally written?
A. Greek B. English C. Russian D. French
44. The main subjects of The Myth of Sisyphus are...
A. Existentialism B. Absurdism C. Only A D. Both A & B
45. One must imagine Sisyphus happy is the...
A. First line of the essay B. Last line of the essay C. Title of the essay D. None of these
46. Which of the following is NOT a work by Albert Camus?
A. The Stranger B. The Plague C. The Rebel D. The Trial
47. Republic by Plato is a...
A. Socratic dialogue B. An epic C. A philosophical essay D. None of the above
48. In which language was Republic by Plato originally written?
A. French B. Latin C. Greek D. Old English
49. Which of the following does Plato's Socrates NOT expressly prohibit in the ideal city?
A. Excessive laughter B. Excessive singing C. Excessive crying D. Excessive eating
50. According to "The Republic," what is justice?
A. Giving each man his due
B. Being kind to your friends and punishing your enemies
C. Repaying your debts
D. Doing your proper task and not interfering with the proper tasks of others