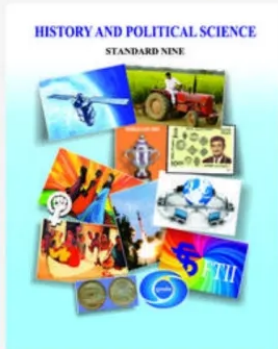


Maharashtra Board Solutions for Class 9- Political Science: Chapter 3- India's Defence System

BOOK SOLUTIONS
CLASS 9
POLITICAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER 3
India's Defence System

Maharashtra Board Solutions→



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Postal Address

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Class 9: Political Science Chapter 3 solutions. Complete Class 9 Political Science Chapter 3 Notes.

Maharashtra Board Solutions for Class 9- Political Science: Chapter 3- India's Defence System

Maharashtra Board 9th Political Science Chapter 3, Class 9 Political Science Chapter 3 solutions

Questions and Answers

1. Choose the right option and rewrite the sentence:

Question 1.

The _____ of India is the Commander-in-Chief of all the Defence forces.

- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Defence Minister
- (d) Governor

Answer:

- (a) President

Question 2.

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The _____ has the responsibility of protecting the coastline.

- (a) Army
- (b) Coast guard
- (c) Border Security Force
- (d) Rapid Action Force

Answer:

- (b) Coast guard

Question 3.

The _____ has been established with the purpose of instilling among students the love of discipline and military training.

- (a) Border Security Forces (BSF)
- (b) Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF)
- (c) National Cadet Corps (NCC)
- (d) Rapid Action Force (RAF)

Answer:

- (c) National Cadet Corps (NCC)

2. Explain with reasons whether the following statements are true or false:

Question 1.

It is necessary to end terrorism to ensure human security.

Answer:

True.

- The biggest challenge to human security is that of terrorism.
- Terrorism targets common, innocent people.

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- It aims at creating terror or fear in their minds, so that they begin to feel insecure.
- Thus, in order to protect human security, it is necessary to put an end to terrorism.

Question 2.

Every nation creates a strong security system for itself.

Answer:

True.

- National Security is closely connected with geography because national security is more likely to be endangered by nations who are geographically closer.
- A nation must assess the threat to its geographical boundaries and the source of that threat.
- In order to keep this threat at bay, the nation has to increase its military might.
- The nation has to use modern technology to predict the threat, to build weapon systems and modernize and update the defence forces.

Question 3.

There are no issues of dispute between India and Pakistan.

Answer:

False.

- There are several disputes between India and Pakistan. For example, the Kashmir issue, disputes over river water sharing, the problem of infiltrations, dispute over the border, etc.
- India has continually tried to solve these issues through discussion and negotiations

3. Write short notes:

Question 1.

The functions of the Rapid Action Force

Answer:

The Rapid Action Force performs the task of bringing people's lives to normalcy by moving in quickly in incidents of the threat to National Security such as bomb blasts or riots.

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Question 2.**Human Security****Answer:**

(i) In the Post – Cold War period, the concept of National Security changed and became broader. National Security is not just the security of the country but also of the people living in it, because security is ultimately for the people.

(ii) Hence; human security refers to human-centric thinking. In human security, it is expected that human beings should be protected from all sorts of dangers and they should be given the opportunities of education, health and development.

(iii) The concept of human security also includes the idea that a conducive environment should be created for everybody to live a respectable life by overcoming illiteracy, poverty, superstition, backwardness, etc. Human security necessitates the protection of the rights of minorities and weaker sections

Question 3.**Home Guards****Answer:**

(i) This organisation was established in the pre-independence period. Citizens can join the Home Guards and assist in the defence of the country.

(ii) Any citizen, man or woman, between the age of 20 and 35 years can join the Home Guards.

(iii) This force has the following tasks: Maintain public security, supply of milk, water and other essential services during riots or strikes, to regulate traffic, to help people at the time of natural disasters like floods, earthquakes, etc.

4. Give your own opinion about:**Question 1.**

Which of the forces related to India's security would you like to join? Why?

Answer:

(i) If given a chance I would like to join the Indian Army.

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- (ii) India is surrounded by neighbours like Pakistan and China which have posed many threats to India's territorial security through infiltration and cross-border terrorism.
- (iii) The Army is thus the most challenging place to be, where service to protect the motherland would be valued the most.
- (iv) The determination, discipline and patriotism which are intrinsic virtues of the Indian Army have always inspired me to do my bit for the nation.
- (v) The training for physical fitness and the skills of various war operations can be best received through the Indian Army.
- (vi) For these reasons I hold the Indian Army as the most sought after career and the ultimate destination of my life.

Question 2.

Give your views on the policy 'Atoms for Peace'.

Answer:

- (i) US nuclear policies had failed to prevent further nuclear proliferation, fuelled the arms race, suppressed the humanitarian benefits of civil nuclear technology and badly affected the development of the US nuclear industry.
- (ii) In his "Atoms for Peace" speech of 1953, President Dwight D. Eisenhower captured the tensions and the ironies of the atomic age.
- (iii) Eisenhower believed only nuclear preparedness offered protection; while nuclear weapons lead to war. Nuclear power offered progress and hope.
- (iv) However, the motives behind Atoms for Peace extended beyond non-proliferation, arms control, and economic interests.
- (v) Objective of the Eisenhower Administration was to set USA advantageously against USSR.
- (vi) He envisaged to permit privatization and commercialization of fuel technologies, cooperation with foreign partners, and international nuclear commerce.
- (vii) Ultimately, Atoms for Peace yielded billions of dollars in civil nuclear commerce for the US economy.

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(viii) Atoms for Peace provided political cover for the biggest nuclear arms build-up in US history, and helped fuel the Cold War arms race.

5. Answer the following questions in brief:

Question 1.

What are the threats to National Security?

Answer:

(i) India's security is not only threatened by outside powers, but also from within. It is not just the difference between external security and internal security that is important anymore.

(ii) Religion, regionalism, several rebellious movements based on ideology, race-ethnicity and economic inequality are creating instability. For example, the Naxalite movement is a threat to India's internal security.

Question 2.

Write the functions of the Border Security Force.

Answer:

The Border Security Force performs tasks like:

- creating a sense of security in the minds of people living in areas near the border,
- preventing smuggling,
- patrolling the border, etc.

6. Do as directed:

Question 1.

Complete the table about security forces:

Name of the Security Forces	Functions	Chief	Name of the Present Chief
Army			

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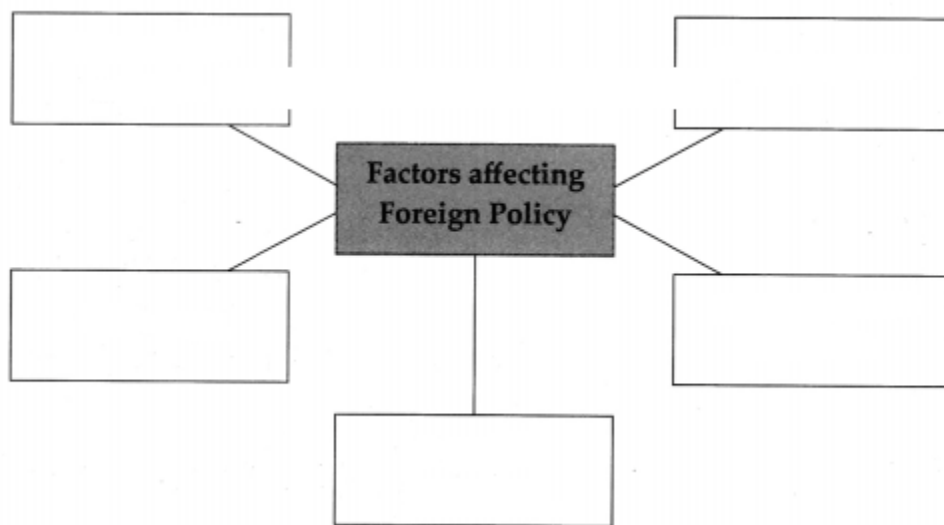
..... Admiral

..... Protection of India's air space

Answer:

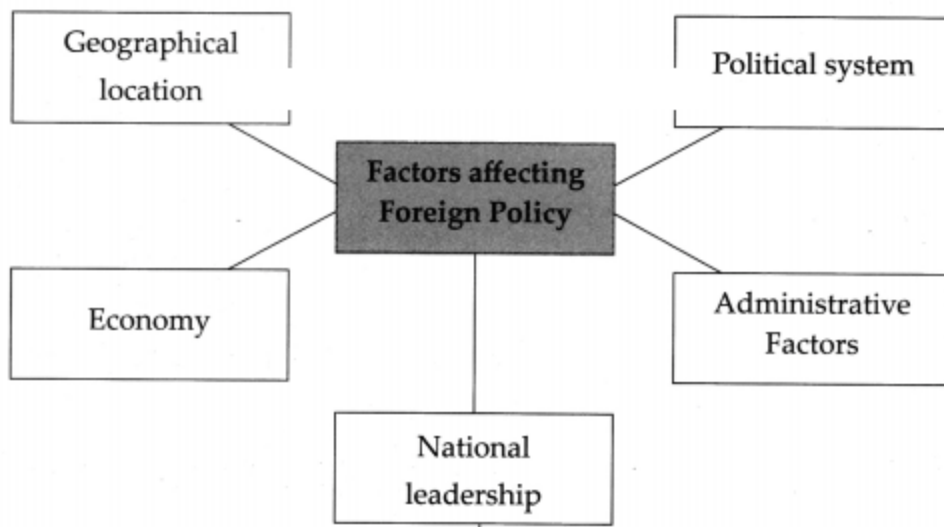
Name of the Security Forces	Functions	Chief	Name of the Present Chief
Army	Protection of geographical boundaries	General	Manoj Mukund Naravane
Navy	Protection of the coast line	Admiral	Karambir Singh
Air Force	Protection of India's air space	Air Chief Marshall	Rakesh Kumar Sing Bhadavria

Question 2.



Answer:

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Additional Important Questions and Answers

Choose the correct option from the given options and rewrite the statements:

Question 1.

The _____ forces are responsible for protection and security of important locations.

- (a) Paramilitary Forces
- (b) Research and Analysis Wing
- (c) Central Bureau of Investigation
- (d) Interpol

Answer:

- (a) Paramilitary Forces

Question 2.

The Air Force is in charge of protecting India's _____.

- (a) Borders
- (b) Coastline

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- (c) Airspace
- (d) Mineral Resources

Answer:

- (c) Airspace

Question 3.

The Indian Army is the world's ____ largest army.

- (a) Second
- (b) Fifth
- (c) Seventh
- (d) Third

Answer:

- (c) Seventh

Question 4.

The Chief of Navy is known as _____.

- (a) Admiral
- (b) General
- (c) Marshall
- (d) Brigadier

Answer:

- (a) Admiral

Question 5.

The National Defence Academy is at _____.

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- (a) Pune
- (b) Dehradun
- (c) Mumbai
- (d) Delhi

Answer:

- (a) Pune

Question 6.

_____ are neither completely military forces nor completely civil forces.

- (a) Border Security Forces
- (b) Paramilitary Forces
- (c) Coast Guards
- (d) Home Guards

Answer:

- (b) Paramilitary Forces

Question 7.

The biggest challenge to human security is that of _____.

- (a) Pollution
- (b) Terrorism
- (c) Natural calamities
- (d) Corruption

Answer:

- (b) Terrorism

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State whether the following statements are true or false with reasons:

Question 1.

Naxalite Movement is a threat to India's internal security.

Answer:

True.

- India's security is not only threatened by outside powers but also from within.
- It is not just the difference between external security and internal security that is important anymore.
- Example naxalite movement is a threat to internal security.

Question 2.

There are no training institutes in our country for military personnel.

Answer:

False.

- Many training institutes have been set up in our country.
- To train military personnel, so that they can perform their task.
- Example – National Defence Academy – Pune

Do as directed:

Question 1.

Complete the table about paramilitary forces.

Paramilitary Forces	Prime Functions
Rapid Action Force	
Border Security Force	
Coast Guards	

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Central Reserve Police Force	
Home Guards	
National Cadet Corps	

Answer:

Paramilitary Forces	Prime Functions
Rapid Action Force	Bringing life to normalcy after contingencies like blasts and riots.
Border Security Force	Patrolling and securing borders.
Coast Guards	Protecting the Indian maritime borders and preventing smuggling along sea routes.
Central Reserve Police Force	Helps the administration in the states to maintain law and order.
Home Guards	Maintaining public security, essential supplies and services during natural disasters and regulating traffic.
National Cadet Corps	Instilling love of discipline and military training.

Answer in brief:

Question 1.

What kind of conflicts may arise among sovereign nations?

Answer:

(i) There are disputes among nations over boundaries or sometimes conflicts emerge among them over water sharing.

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(ii) Some other reasons for conflict could be: not following the terms of international treaties, constantly competing against each other and the influx of refugees from neighbouring countries.

Question 2.

What does the Central Reserve Police Force do?

Answer:

The Central Reserve Police Force helps the administration in various states to maintain law and order.

Question 3.

Describe the three major armed forces in India.

Answer:

(i) India's security system includes the Army, the Navy and the Air Force, the three forces that defend the country.

(ii) The responsibility of protecting the geographical boundaries is on the Army, whereas the Navy protects the coastline.

(iii) The Air Force is in charge of protecting India's air space.

(iv) The Ministry of Defence controls all the three forces.

(v) The Indian Army is very big. It is the world's seventh-largest. Its Chief is known as the General.

(vi) The Chief of Navy is known as the Admiral, while the Chief of the Air Force is known as Air Chief Marshall. These three chiefs are appointed by the President.

Question 4.

Which measures have been taken to modernize India's security system?

Answer:

(i) Many measures are taken so that all three defence forces in India's security system are adequately modernized. For this, some research institutions have been set up.

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(ii) Many training institutes have also been set up in our country to train the personnel of all ranks of our defence forces so that they can perform their task competently.

(iii) For example, the National Defence Academy (NDA) at Pune and the National Defence College (NDC) at Delhi, etc.

Question 5.

How do environmental issues threaten human security?

Answer:

(i) Pollution and other changes in the environment have threatened human life. Diseases like AIDS, Chikungunia, Swine flu and Ebola have presented a big challenge.

(ii) Protecting human beings from such diseases is also considered as a factor of human security.



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- Chapter 2- India's Foreign Policy
- Chapter 3- India's Defence System
- Chapter 4- The United Nations
- Chapter 5- India and Other Countries
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