PAPER Code-4047

M.A. SEM-III ENGLISH (New Course)
MAR-JUN -2021
305 - Research Methodology (Theory)

કુલ સમય :– ૬૦ મીનીટ **કુલ પ્રશ્નો : ૫૦** **વિદ્યાર્થીએ ટીક કરવાના પ્રશ્નો : ૩૫**

નોંધ : વિદ્યાર્થીએ માત્ર ૩૫ પ્રશ્નો જ ટીક કરવાના રહેશે. જો વધારે ટીક કરેલ હશે તો પ્રથમ ૩૫ પ્રશ્નો જ ગણતરીમાં લેવામાં આવશે.

1. Which of the following is known as non-probability sampling?
(A) Quota sampling (B) Random sampling (C) Cluster sampling (D) Stratified sampling

2.What type of technique is involved in snowball sampling?
(A) Probability sampling (B) Non-probability sampling (C) A & B both (D) None of the above

3. Which of the following is the advantage of sampling?
(A) It lacks prejudice. (B) It is a less time consuming process and costs less.
(C) Subject specific knowledge is not required. D) It reduces the variability of the sample units.

4. Research means…
(A) Finding again and again (B) Finding a solution to any problem
(C) To work scientifically to find out the truth of any problem (D) None of the above

5. Why do we carry out Research?
(A) Desire to obtain a research degree with its result-oriented benefits. (B) Willingness to face the challenge of solving unresolved problems.
(C) Desire to serve society; to promote well-being. (D) All of the above

6. Which of the following statements is more appropriate?
(A) Research should be useful to society and can be put to practical use. (B) Research should always be enjoyable.
(C) Research should always be in line with government guidelines. (D) All of the above.

7. Which of the following is a factual statement?
(A) The turnout in India has increased in the last ten years. (B) Indian voters are wiser. (C) A & B both (D) None of the above.

8. What are the most essential qualities of a researcher?
(A) One should be financially capable to do research. (B) Spirit of free enquiry
(C) One should be very enthusiastic. (D) All of the above.

9. According to which approach, In the case of research, not the work but result is important?
(A) Ethical Skepticism Approach (B)Utilitarianism Approach (C)Deontological Approach (D) All of the above.

10. Action Research means…
(A) Research that enhances knowledge. (B) A practical research.
(C) Research initiated to solve an immediate problem. (D) Research with socio-economic and political objective.

11. Which of the following is the first step in starting the research process?
(A) Looking for sources of information to find the problem. (B) Survey of relevant literature
(C) Identify the problem (D) Finding a solution to the problem

12. What kind of information is used in research?
(A) Primary Data only (B) Secondary Data only (C) Both Primary and Secondary Data (D) None of the above

13. What is Questionnaire?
(A) Research method (B) Research problem technique (C) A tool for data collection (D) Data interpretation technique

14. An interview with a detailed standard schedule is called…
(A) Opened Interview (B) Focused Interview (C) Structural interview (D) Indirect Interview

15. Field-work based research is classified as…
(A) Clinical (B)Experimental (C) Empirical (D) All of the above

16. Which of the following research focuses on improving the prevailing conditions?
(A) Fundamental Research (B) Historical Research (C) Action Research (D) Clinical Research

17. What is important for a scientific approach to research?
(A) Objectivity (B) Ethics (C) Subjectivity (D) Good proposal

18. Research conducted to increase knowledge is…
(A) Pure Research (B) Historical Research (C) Action Research (D) Field survey

19. What else is fundamental research called?
(A) Action research (B) Pilot project (C) Pure research (D) None of the above

20. Good research is always…
(A) Value orientation (B) Belief based (C) Systematic (D) Logical

21. ICSSR is an abbreviation of which of the following…
(A) Indian Council for Social Science Research (B) Indian Council for strategic Research
(C) Indian Council for Survey and Research (D) Inter National Council for Social Science Research

22. …. is the first stage of the research process.
(A) Formulation of a problem (B) Selection of a problem (C) Testing of hypothesis (D) Review of literature

23. In research, null means…
(A) Cancel (B) Zero (C) Alter (D) Assumption

24. What is called the probability of rejecting a null hypothesis when it is true:
(A) Level of rejection (B) Confidential level (C) Very important level (D) Level of significance

25. What should be considered when choosing a research problem?
(A) Recommendation by the guide (B) Ease of doing research (C) Social relevance (D) Financial support
26. What do you call the statements in terms of research that predict what results will be achieved at the end of the research?
(A) Forecast (B) Hypothesis (C) Findings (D) None of the above
27. Which of the following are the characteristics of the hypothesis?
(A)Empirically Testable (B) Simple and Clear (C) Specific and relevant (D) All of the above
28. Which hypothesis reflects the relationship between two variables - independent and dependent variables?
(A)Simple Hypothesis (B) Complex Hypothesis (C) Working or Research Hypothesis (D) Null Hypothesis
29. Poverty has no correlation with crime rate in society. What kind of hypothesis is this?
(A)Simple Hypothesis (B) Complex Hypothesis (C) Working or Research Hypothesis (D) Null Hypothesis
30. A sample…… the larger population.
(A) Guides (B) Represents (C) Rejects (D) All of the above
31. Which one is called probability sampling?
(A)Purposive or Judgmental Sample (B) Stratified Sample (C) Quota Sample (D) Snowball Sample
32. Which among the followings is the accepted style of reference used by researchers and authors around the world?
(A)APA Style (B)MLA Style (C) Chicago Style (D) All of the above
33. What does positivism emphasize as a method of scientific research?
(A) Experience (B) Verification (C) Classification (D) All of the above
34. State the full form of NMEICT.
(A) National Mission on Education through ICT (B) National Mission on E-governance through ICT
(C) National Mission on E-content through ICT (D) National Mission on E-education through ICT
35. Which of the following is an open source software?
(A) MS Word (B) Windows (C) MS Power point (D) None of the above
36. What is the full form of URL as used in computer related activities?
(A) *Uniform Research Locator* (B) *Uniform Resource Locator* (C) *Unicode Resource Locator* (D) *Uniform Resource Location*
37. Which scheme has the University Grants Commission launched to promote research culture and innovation in colleges and universities?
(A) BRIDE (B) RSCU (C) STRIDE (D) Pride
38. Which of the following statement is true regarding data collection in research?
(A) Data can be qualitative (B) Data can be both qualitative and quantitative
(C) Data cannot be both qualitative and quantitative (D) Data can only be quantitative
39.ISSN stands for…
(A) International Standard Series Number (B) International Statistical Serial Number
(C) International Standard Serial Number (D) International Statistical Series Number
40. Who defined “Research is an organized and systematic enquiry?”
(A) Laski (B) Emory (C) J.S.Mill (D) Harold
41. “A systematic step-by-step Procedure following logical process of reasoning” what is it called?
(A) Testing (B) Observation (C) Hypothesis (D) Scientific method
42. What does social science deal with?
(A) Objects (B) Human beings (C) Things (D) Inanimate matters
43. Who is the author of the book titled “The Romance of Research”
(A) Karl Marx (B) Karl Popper (C) Redmen and Mory (D) Max Weber
44. What type of research is associated with the term "controlled group"?
(A) Philosophical research (B) Historical Research (C) Experimental Research (D) Field research
45.Which one of the following is a research tool?
(A) Checklists (B) Questionnaires (C) Interviews (D) All of the above
46. Ex Post Facto research means
(A) Research is carried out before an event occurs (B) Research is conducted after an event occurs
(C) Research is conducted in parallel with the occurrence of the phenomenon (D) None of the above
47. Research ethics includes which of the following?
(A) Value and Belief Free Approach (B) Honesty (C) Integrity (D) All of the above
48. What is the purpose of the conclusion in a research report?
(A) It outlines the working methodological procedures
(B) The report explains how the concepts were operationally defined, measured and analyzed
(C) It summarizes the main findings in relation to the research questions at the end of the research
(D) None of the above
49. Which of the following problems is associated with research in the social sciences?
(A) It does not have sufficient financial resources. (B) It lacks the political will of the government.
(C) It is not possible to be as precise as the natural sciences. (D) There are few universities and research centers to conduct research.
50. Bibliography given in a research report…
(A) Helps those interested in further research and studying the problem from another angle (B) Shows the vast knowledge of the researcher
(C) Makes the report authentic (D) None of the above